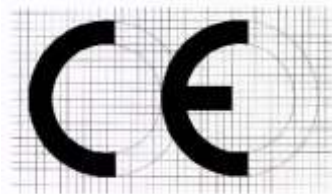




WZ

With CE certificate EN12566-3

User manual



For

WZ12/3 - WZ16/3 - WZ22/3 - WZ30/3



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2. Introduction

Boralit is proud of a rich company history and has built up a strong experience in the field of polyethylene rotational moulding for more than 35 years. It can offer a range of over 300 certified types of systems for: wastewater treatment (for household and SME purpose), diesel fuel tanks, rainwater collection tanks, grease traps, separators and pumping stations .

The material polyethylene is recyclable, corrosion free and resistant to most damaging products, and all our tanks include an additional UV stabilization to protect the PE material from UV damage.

The Boralit WZ wastewater treatment plant is designed for the treatment of household waste waters, for households with 8-12 people (WZ12/3), 12-16 people (WZ16/3), 16-22 people (WZ22/3) and 22-30 people (WZ30/3) that are not connected to the sewer system.

Our systems are certified following the European standard for waste water treatment plants (CE EN 12566-3), and will allow to meet several local standards for household effluent discharges (e.g. VLAREM II, arrêté Wallon,...).

The CE approval requires to send back to us the included document for registration of your system, properly filled out.



3. Installation guidelines

**The client acknowledges to have received a copy of this and agrees.
The installation requirements should be read FIRST BEFORE placement.**

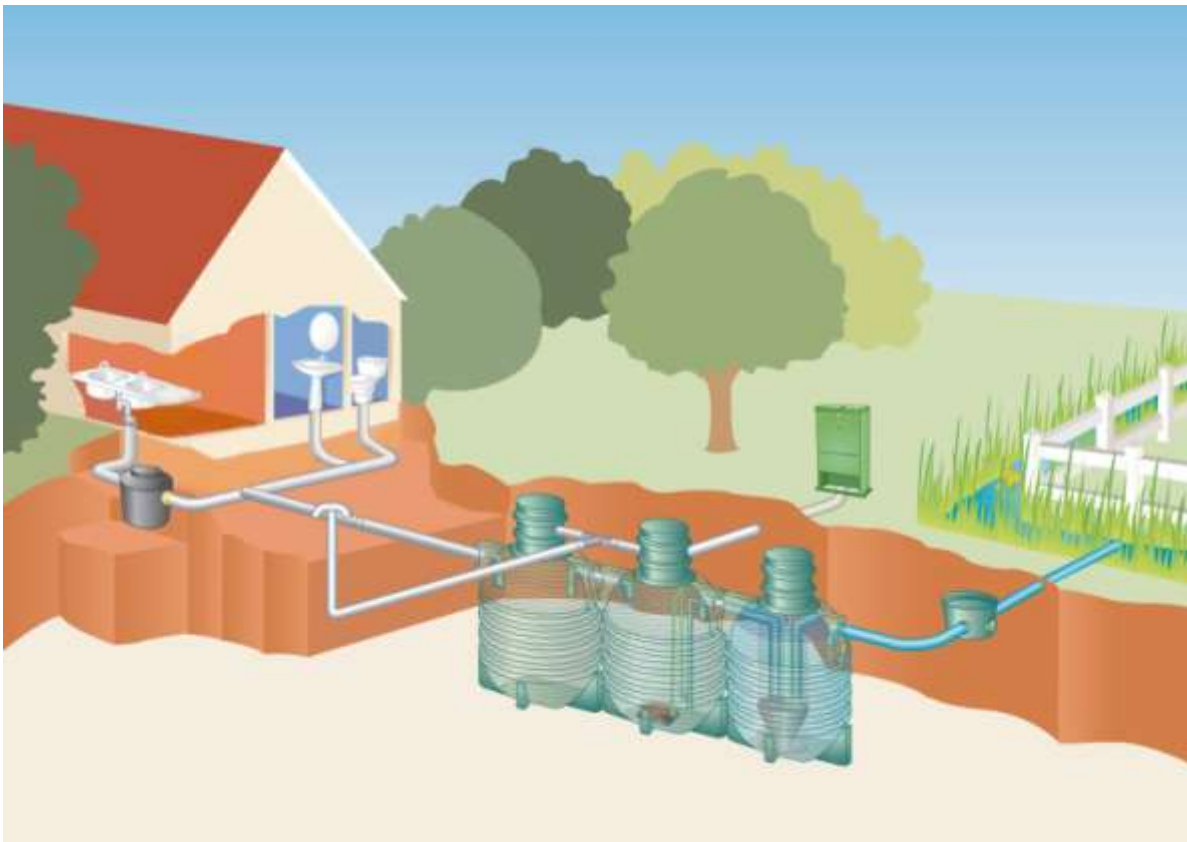
In the event of loss by the customer of the installation requirements the customer must always ask for a new copy of the installation requirements at Boralit nv, or download them from the Boralit Web site.

REMARK (!) : READ THIS CAREFULLY BEFORE STARTING INSTALLATION.

3.1 INSTALLATION IN CONSOLIDATED SAND

3.1.1 WHERE TO INSTALL?

Find a place where the facility can be easily installed and where the drain of the house can be led. Check for enough fall to the drain of the infiltration-facility. Make sure there is no possible flow-back from flooding, high water, heavy rainfall. The pump(s) should be in a dry and well-ventilated place. At preference in a cellar, garage, shelter or a separate room. The standard delivered aeration pump can be installed up to 15 m from the aeration tank. In case there is a greater distance between the pump and the system, please contact us as this will require a pump with more power. It is also possible to install a special stainless steel pump housing (see B.2.5 options) near the wastewater treatment system. This way, the pump can be installed near the aeration tank and it will be protected against bad weather. What's more, the pump will be easy to reach during maintenance of the system.





3.1.2 HOW TO INSTALL?

- Dig a square pit of adequate dimensions. See to it that all ground water present in the pit, is pumped out. Once the pit is dry, it must be covered by at least 10cm of consolidated sand (150 kg/m³). Make sure the consolidated sand is level so the tanks can be installed perfectly level to insure proper flow through the system. A concrete cap can be placed over the tanks to prevent tanks from floating from groundwater pressure.
- Install the facility in correct order (tank 1: primary-sedimentation, tank 2: aeration tank, tank 3: secondary sedimentation). The arrows show the direction in which the water will flow.
- Connect the drain pipe of the house (if necessary, install a grease-trap between drain and wastewater treatment system) with the inlet of the facility (tank 1: primary sedimentation).
- Connect the tanks (only for types WZ).
- Connect the outlet of the wastewater treatment system with the drain pipe that goes to discharge or dispersal area, ... Make sure there is no flow-back possible.
- Fill up the 3 tanks with water through the first tank and let the water flow from the first tank through the other tanks until all tanks are filled with clear water. Attention: the secondary sedimentation tank (last tank) should be filled as follows: first fill the cones, then fill the outer part of the tank. At the same time backfill the pit round the tanks with consolidated sand (150 kg/m³) up to the level of the in-and outlet.
- Pull up the ballast-blocks from the aeration tank with the provided ropes. Screw the aeration discs on the provided screw thread and lower the blocks back into the tank.
- Saw the risers to the correct height to have them at ground level.
- Make sure there is adequate ventilation of the primary sedimentation tank and on the aeration tank. For this purpose the primary settling tank has been provided with a 50 mm pipe and the aeration tank with a muff pipe DN100 (Ø110 mm) in the riser. Connect them to a T of 110 mm with reduction to 50 mm and lead the 110 mm to a well-ventilated place. Bring it to sufficient height above the ground and fix 2 curves 110 mm 90° to get a chimney-effect.
- Connect the aeration tube and the aeration pump. For this, use a tube of 110 mm through which the aeration tube goes from the aeration pump to the manhole of tank 2.
- Back-fill the pit with consolidated sand (150 kg/m³) to requested level.

Remark: In case the facility gets embedded deeper in the ground than is permitted by the PE-riser, or in case one wants to make a manhole himself (e.g. brick-work) a support structure or concrete cap should be installed. This structure or cap should not rest on the tank nor on the brick-work and should divert the pressure to undisturbed ground.



ATTENTION : In case any vehicles might drive in the immediate surroundings of the facility:

- A strong cover should be used e.g. pedestrians' 50kN, vehicles 125 kN, trucks 250 kN or heavy weight vehicles 400 kN.
- The cover should be cast in a sufficiently strong, reinforced concrete slab (=pressure plate) to avoid any immediate pressure on the tanks (ask for information at a recognized technician or desk). The slab should rest on the ground around the pit that has not been churned.
- The PE covers which come standard with the wastewater treatment system cannot carry the weight of persons/vehicles passing above the system and have no lock. That's why you should always install Boralit PE covers that are adapted to the persons/traffic passing above them and which can be locked.

3.1.3 Elektrical connections

- Connect (Branch) the aeration pump to a grounded receptacle (230V) in a well-ventilated, dry place. Make sure correct fuses guard the electrical circuit.
- The alarm should be branched to a second socket or fixed connection. This alarm should be put in one of the aerial tubes from the pump to the aerator.

3.1.4 Installation tuning

All of the systems should be adjusted. Which means that the present flow-taps (2) that are in the manhole of the aeration tank, should be adjusted correctly. This adjustment is not difficult but will take some of your time:

- Make sure the pump is electrically connected and no possible waste water can enter the tank (the water should be at rest, wait until no more water enters the installation)
- The flow-taps should be at 45°
- Let the facility work for 1/2 hour and check the level of the liquid in the middle-tank.
- On the PVC tube of the airlift you will find 2 marks (cable strips). If the liquid is between the marks, the taps are correctly adjusted.
- If the liquid is beneath the lower mark, the taps should be closed some more. If the liquid is above the upper mark, the taps should be opened some more.
- Wait again for 1/2 hour and check again. Adjust more if necessary until the liquid is at the desired level.



3.2 INSTALLATION IN SAND

Follow above instructions and If there is no groundwater, the consolidated sand can be replaced by regular sand. Please contact us if the tank becomes more deeply embedded in the ground than is permitted by the PE-riser.

4. Application areas

Our treatment plants are made for the treatment of all household wastewaters such as toilets, bathroom, washing machine, sinks, kitchen,...

Chemical substances, paints and medication are to evacuated separately.

Attention : also rainwaters can never enter the system since it will hinder proper functioning of the installation

The treatment system can handle most common regular soaps and hygiene products for daily use. It is recommended to use as much as possible environmental-friendly products, but it is not a must to achieve good effluent results. In case of any doubt please make sure to consult Boralit or our local distributor for further advise.

Rainwaters can be collected in a separate tank through an adapted rainwater filter, an can be re-used for the toilets, washing machines, outside water taps,Also for this application Boralit has the proper product offer available.

5. Important safety information

Mechanical

- The tanks are not suited for traffic driving over the installation.
- A strong cover should be used e.g. pedestrians' 50kN, vehicles 125 kN, trucks 250 kN or heavy weight vehicles 400 kN. The cover should be cast in a sufficiently strong, reinforced concrete slab (=pressure plate) to avoid any immediate pressure on the tanks (ask for information at a recognized technician or desk). The slab should rest on the ground around the pit that has not been churned.
- When the tank is close to a traffic area, it is best to foresee additional protection with fencing or plants. Also possible groundpressures need to be considered, and if needed please consult a specialized engineering firm.
- The PE covers that come standard with the wastewater treatment system cannot carry the weight of persons/vehicles passing above the system and have no lock. That's why you should always install Boralit PE covers or another cover type adapted to the persons/traffic passing above them and which can be locked.
- When opening the tank / system, it is recommended to protect the working area with clear markings, in order to avoid that e.g. pedestrians fall into the tanks.
- The areation disk can be removed and cleaned by simply lifting the concrete block with the foreseen ropes, to avoid the need to descend in the tank .

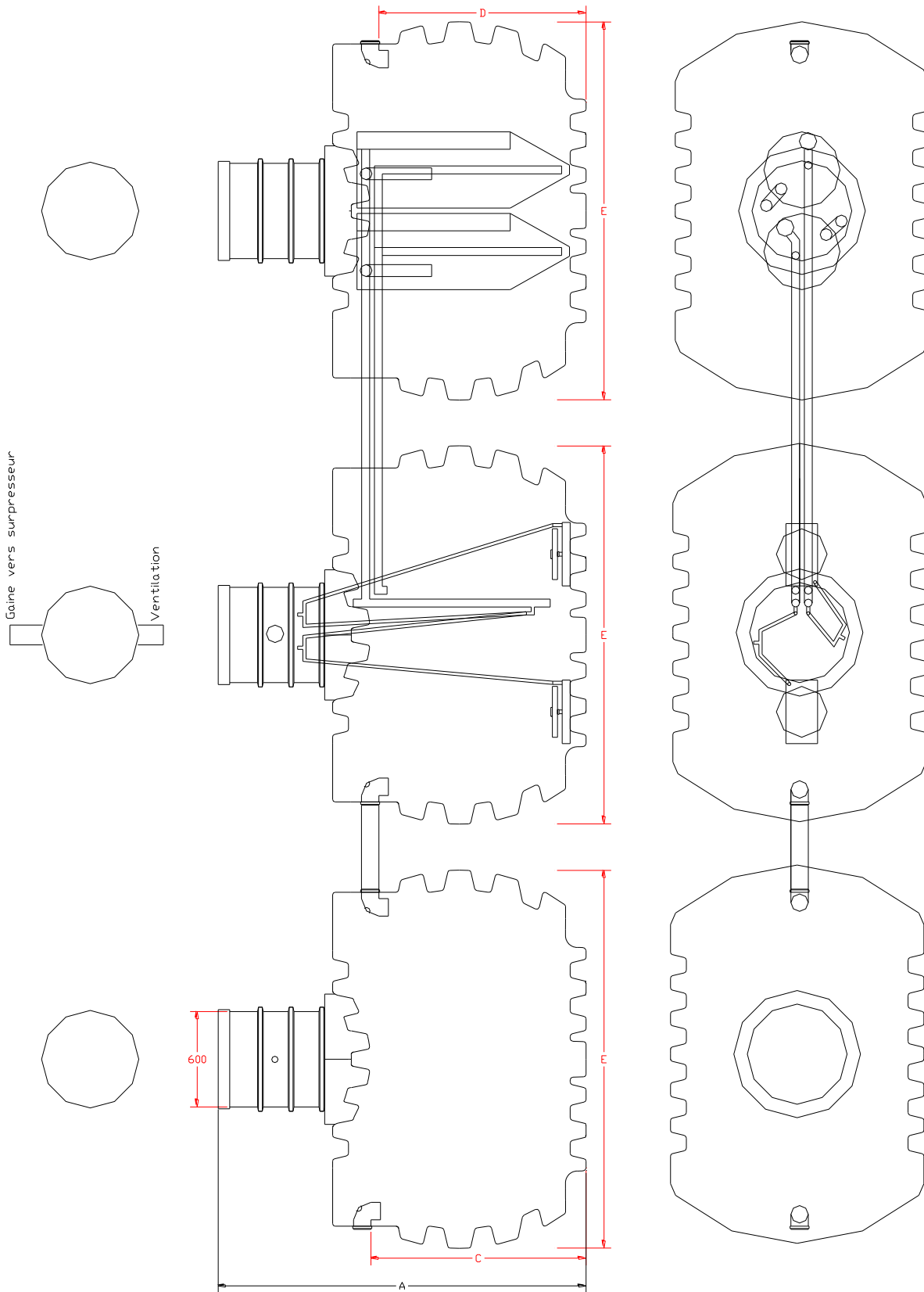
Electrical

- The air pump and alarm are to be connected to the power grid by following and respecting the guidelines, and this by a certified installer.
- Pump and alarm are to be installed in a dry and well ventilated area
- During maintenance works it is recommended to disconnect the pump and alarm from the power grid.
- All electric parts are to be protected following the local / national safety regulations of your country
-

Hygiene

- The effluent waters are not drinkable and cannot be used for consumption
- Always wear adapted gloves during maintenance and tuning works
- Always wash and rinse your hands after maintenance and tuning Works, and do not eat or drink while working on the installation

6. Description





A: Primary settlement B: Bioreactor (Aeration chamber) C: Double final settlement

Legend:

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. ENTRY Ø 110 | 8. Sludge return |
| 2. Exit primary settlement | 9. First final settlement with sludge return |
| 3. Airlift | 10. Settlement cone |
| 4. Aeration disc with micro-perforations | 11. Raise in PE with temporary cover |
| 5. Removable concrete bloc for aeration disc | 12. Ventilation of primary settlement |
| 6. Connection to air pump | 13. Ventilation of bioreactor |
| 7. Air flow hose | 14. EXIT Ø 110 |

7. Operation

The WZ wastewater treatment plant is based on the active sludge technology, like most central municipal treatment plants.

The WZ is built with 3 tanks. The system consists of first settlement tank (1), aeration tank(2) and final settlement tank (3), and has to be installed underground.

1. First settlement:
In the first settling tank, the solid particles are stopped and gradually liquefied. Accidental dumping of small amounts of detrimental substances are partially taken care of in this tank. The biological transformations are done anaëroob (without oxygen).
2. Aeration tank:
By means of a bubble aerator oxygen is dissolved into the liquid, which enhances growth of aerobic bacteria. These bacteria will consume the biological waste. The continuous flow of air bubbles also creates optimal mixing and consumption of the biological waste and enables treatment of waste waters entering the system.
3. Final settlement :
The third tank is the second settling tank (secondary sedimentation), based on a double final settlement . Here the sludge settles down and from this tank the purified water is discharged from the still water area. There is no need to add bacteria during the start-up of the system. A sludge return system will return separated sludge to the aeration tank, and will help to bridge periods with limited or no influent (e.g. during vacation period) without negative impact on effluent results





8. Operating conditions

- The system is conceived for underground installation, which also gives a protection against temperature swings.
- The system, the entrance and exit piping are to be installed deeply enough, in order to protect against frost.
- Electric components need to be connected, installed and protected as instructed.
- The system has to work continuously, also during periods of absence, the aeration pump needs to remain connected and operating.

9. Alarm

An alarm is included in the standard package and functions by means of differential pressure. It is to be installed between the aerator and the aeration pump.

Included components

box of 110 x 110 x 110 mm with electrical cable and small hose of 6 mm, buzzer on top of the box
T-piece in PVC of 20 mm 90° with two hose tails in pvc of 20 mm, solid PVC part of 20 mm with internal wire, connection with wire and connection for 6 mm hose
2 straps

Functioning

The box contains a pre-mounted pressure alarm. When connecting the system the buzzer alarm will not work. As soon as the pressure drops, e.g. due to a defect in the air pump, disconnected aeration disc, disconnected hose, ..., the buzzer is activated. There can be a minor time interval between the occurrence of the defect / problem and the activation of the alarm.

Connection

- Cut the hose that connects the air pump with the system, and install in between these two hose parts the T-part by means of the included straps
- Connect the 6 mm hose of the alarm to the connection
- Plug the electricity cable into the local grid (220 V)





10. User manual for safety and malfunctioning

Following malfunctioning can occur

Problem	Possible cause	Possible remediation
Air pump does not work	No power	Check and repair power supply and /or connection
	Pump failure	Have pump checked by certified repair man. If needed replace pump
Bad smells	Pump failure	See above
	Aeration disc is contaminated or clogged	Clean or replace aeration disc
	Air hose blocked	Replace or unblock hose
	Unsufficient ventilation	Check and guarantee proper ventilation
	Maintenance required	Desludge the system
No sludge return	Air hose blocked	Replace or unblock hose
	Sludge return blowked	Unblock sludge return tube
	Pump failure	See above

11. In case of an emergency

- Always disconnect the air pump from the power grid
- Take the necessary safety precautions (see 5)
- Have the problem solved
- Re-start the system (see 8)

12. Maintenance

Attention: To guarantee the proper operation and functioning of the system a regular maintenance and technical check-up is required

In case of insufficient or unproper maintenance, one can not expect that the system will fulfill the expected technical performance nor to reach the expected effluent results.

In case of changes made to the system and/or its parts by a non-certified company, one can not expect that the system will fulfill the expected technical performance nor to reach the expected effluent results.



13. Technical Specifications

	WZ12	WZ16	WZ22	WZ30
Number of people equivalent (P.E.)	12	16	20	30
Content first settlement (liters)	2.400	3.300	6.000	6.000
Aeration (liters)	2.400	3.300	6.000	6.000
Final settlement (liters)	2.400	3.300	6.000	6.000
total (liters)	7.200	9.900	18.000	18.000
Weight first settlement (Kg)	120	190	290	290
Aeration (Kg)	120	190	290	290
Final settlement (Kg)	120	190	290	290
First settlement: length (mm)	2.350	2.390	2.400	2.400
width (mm)	1.350	1.610	2.070	2.070
height (mm)	1.850	2.210	2.470	2.470
Aeration : length (mm)	2.350	2.390	2.400	2.400
width (mm)	1.350	1.610	2.070	2.070
aeration (mm)	1.850	2.210	2.470	2.470
Final settlement: length (mm)	2.350	2.390	2.400	2.400
width (mm)	1.350	1.610	2.070	2.070
height (mm)	1.850	2.210	2.470	2.470
Height entrance³	1.220	1.500	1.850	1.850
Height exit³	1.180	1.450	1.800	1.800
Pump: length (mm)	268,5	268,5	268,5	268,5
width (mm)	201	201	357	357
height (mm)	216	216	228	228



14. Overview of the impact of certain substances and alternative products

Group/subgroup	Detrimental degree		Alternatives	
	*	explanation	Reasonable	Good
LAUNDRY DETERGENTS				
Pre-washing	-		Pre-treat stains	No prewash or e.g. soak in soda
Main detergent	-		Phosphate free products with e.g. zeolite as P-replacement	For handwash: natural soap and soda
Fabric softener	--	Contains compounds that are difficult to degrade	Minimal dosing, skip for hand towels and dish towels	Hang laundry outside
DISH WASHING				
Detergents for dishwash by hand	O		Minimize use	Phosphate and chloride free
Dish washer	--		Minimize use of softener salts	Rince with clean water
Polish	--		Minimize use	
Pre-rinsing (kitchen waste, food remains)	O		in compostable waste container	
CLEANING PRODUCTS AND DESINFECTANTS				
Total cleaner	-		Minimize use	Abrasive spunch or fine sand (not in sink)
Bleach	---		Hydrogen peroxide	
Abrasive soap	-		Without bleach, without chlorides	Mechanical unblocking
Unblocking agent	---		Minimize use	
Bath cleaning agent	--		Minimize use	Diluted vinegar (<5%)
Decalcination agents	-		Minimize use, do not use EDTA based products.	Diluted vinegar (<5%)
Ruitenreinigingsmiddel	--		Minimize use	Water with vinegar, formic acid solutions (Odoured) Natural soap (Odoured) natural soap pads
Toilet cleaner	--		Minimize use	
Toilet cubes, pads	--		Use environmental-friendly products	
Ontsmettingsmiddelen	--		Minimize use. Do not flush remains, and do not throw remains in the sink	Iodine based products instead of synthetic and chloride based products

* Legend :

- O Harmless
- Limited harm
- Moderate Harm
- Very harmful



Group/subgroup	Detrimental degree		Alternatives	
		Explanation	Reasonable	Good
PERSONAL HYGIENE Soap Bath foams Shampoo Toilet papers Other	O - - O ---	Washed-off contaminants can have a negative effect	No disinfecting or aggressive soaps Minimal use No solid substances (e.g. tampons, sanitary towels or napkins,..) They can be disposed of with the household waste	Natural soaps, possibly mixed with sand or chalk (CaCO ₃).
MEDICINE	---	Mainly antibiotics can have a damaging effect	Do not flush or throw remains via the toilet or sink	
PESTICIDES	---		Do not flush or throw remains via the toilet or sink. Do not rinse or clean pesticide bottles or containers in the sink	
DESINFECTANTS	---		No chloride based products	Iodine based products; In case of use of larger volumes to not flush remains or rinse bottles and containers in the sink
PAINTS Wall paints (water-based) Thinners Brush cleaners Paint stripper Carboleum Waterproofing agent Transparent and covering pickles, primers, varnish	-- -- -- --- --- -- --	Mainly organochlorines are damaging Contains terpenes	Do not flush or throw remains via the toilet or sink Do not rinse or clean bottles, containers or brushes in the sink	Use of linseed oil. Burn off paints (if possible)
PHOTOCHEMICALS	--		Do not flush or throw remains via the toilet or sink. Do not rinse or clean bottles or containers in the sink	
MOTOR/ENGINE PRODUCTS Oil Radiator Reinigingsmiddelen	-- -- -	Gives extra loads to the installation	Do not flush or throw remains via the toilet or sink. Do not rinse or clean bottles or containers in the sink Minimize use	

15. Available accessories

1. Pedestrian covers in plastic
2. Extra air hose
3. Sample pit



16. Warranty

We offer a 25-year warranty on all our products for manufacturing defects, except the aeration pumps and other electric or mechanical, ... parts which carry a 2-year warranty. Failure to comply with installation procedures and guidelines will void the warranty.

The terms of Boralit are applicable.

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